Samsung-Apple Licensing Discussion

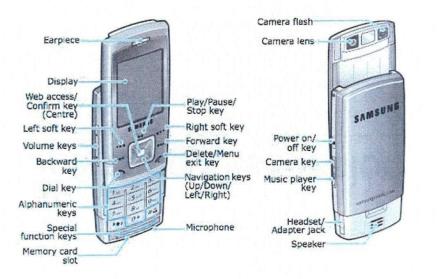
October 5, 2010



Confidential * Provided for Information and Business Settlement Purposes Only Information and Disclosure Provided Under Rule 408 of Federal Rules of Evidence, Without Prejudice NO. 586.001
United States District Court
Northern District of California
No. 11-CV-01846-LHK (PSG)
Apple v. Samsung

A Basic Phone has basic features ...







What changed? What makes an GalaxyS so different?





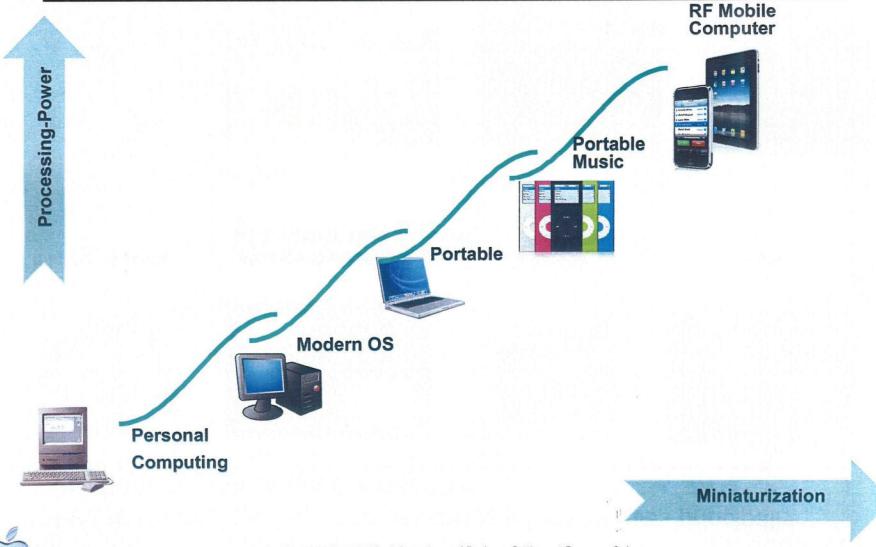
... but Advanced Mobile Computing Devices are different



- Software creates the largest share of product value
- Operating system, applications, user interface, and services are the key to a differentiated customer experience
- iPhone became the archetype for advanced mobile computing devices
- Software has always been at the heart of Apple's business and intellectual property portfolio



Apple and its Computing Products have Evolved as well





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Mobile Computers rely upon several key technologies principally developed in the computing industry







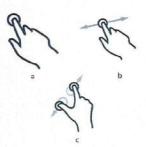


Microprocessor

Modern Operating System w/ Graphical User Interface

Graphics

Apps







Music



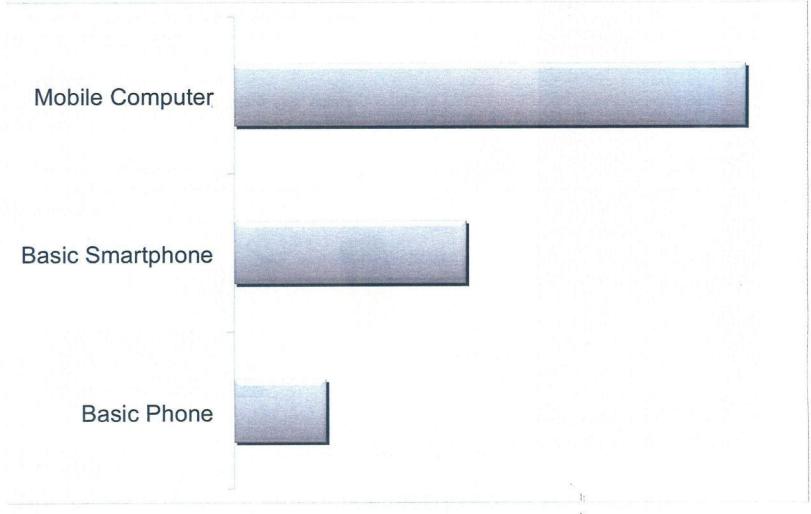
Video



Gaming



Mobile computers create more value for customers -- and sell for more -- by virtue of the additional technologies that enable them





We model 3 types of patent licenses to cover wireless and computing technologies

Basic telephony









Basic Telephony (e.g. wireless standards, java, processor, graphics, misc HW)

"Smart" license

Apple Computing technologies (e.g. O/S, object oriented, etc.)

"Advanced Mobile" license

Advanced iPhone Technologies needed to create an "advanced" class device (e.g. Touch, GUI, apps, music, etc.)

* Each license includes distinct technologies, so an iPhone advanced mobile class device would require all 3 licenses, while a basic phone would require only the phone license.



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Apple core computing

- Extensible programmable 08
- Software application platform

Apple advanced features

defined the standard for modern high-end consumer devices

- · Multipuch user interface
- Acos and App Store
- iTunes madia store and media
- Real Web and Web services
- Service-criented offering

Samsung adopted, embraced and imitated the iPhone archetype

- Samsung chose to embrace and imitate Apple's iPhone archetype
- Apple would have preferred that Samsung request a license to do this in advance
- Because Samsung is a strategic supplier to Apple, we are prepared to offer a royaltybearing license for this category of device





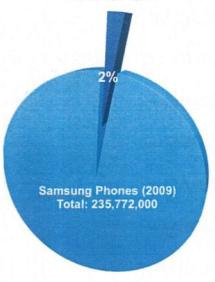
Samsung launched a major offensive, targeting Apple's Mobile Computing Paradigm with both smartphones and tablets

- "Samsung could sell **10 million units** of the new [Galaxy S] smartphone globally **this year**."
 - JK Shin, head of Samsung's mobile comm. division
- "Samsung also expects to sell about 25 million smartphones this year" 1
 - JK Shin, head of Samsung's mobile comm. division
- "Samsung is aiming for a double-digit market share for global smartphones by the end of this year... Samsung's smartphone sales are likely to double next year from this year." 1
 - JK Shin, head of Samsung's mobile comm. division
- "[Samsung] expects to ship 10 million [Galaxy Tablet] units and take a third of the global tablet market next year" 2
 - Hankil Yoon, Samsung product executive
- ¹ SE Young Lee, "Samsung Expects Profit Boost From Mobile Phones", The Wall Street Journal, Sep 3, 2010
 ² Spencer E. Ante, "Phone Giants to Sell Samsung Tablet PC", The Wall Street Journal, Sep 11, 2010



Samsung is a major vendor of advanced mobile computing devices such as smartphones and tablets





Year	Smartphone Volume (000)	<u>Tablet</u> <u>Volume</u> (000)	
2009	5,900		
2010	25,000	2,000	
2011	50,000	10,000	
2012	60,000	12,000 14,000	
2013	72,000		
2014	86,000	17,000	
TOTAL	293,000	55,000	

Samsung Smartphones by OS





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Apple Smartphone Licensing Rates

- \$30 USD per Licensed Smartphone
 - · Licensed Smartphones: touchscreen devices based on --
 - Android units
 - Symbian units
 - Bada, unless Apple proprietary features avoided
 - Windows, others to be discussed
- \$40 USD per Licensed Touchscreen Tablet
 - Reducing to \$30 over 2 years



We will provide Samsung with a number of options for obtaining a cost-effective license to our patent portfolio

Samsung Portfolio Like other major Apple suppliers Samsung has a substantial patent portfolio, albeit it is largely oriented in supplier-type areas

Applelicensed O/S Some Samsung products may make use of an OS largely licensed to Apple patents (e.g. Windows Mobile)

Applelicensed Processors

Samsung may wish to encourage its other processor manufacturers to take a license

Not Using Proprietary Features

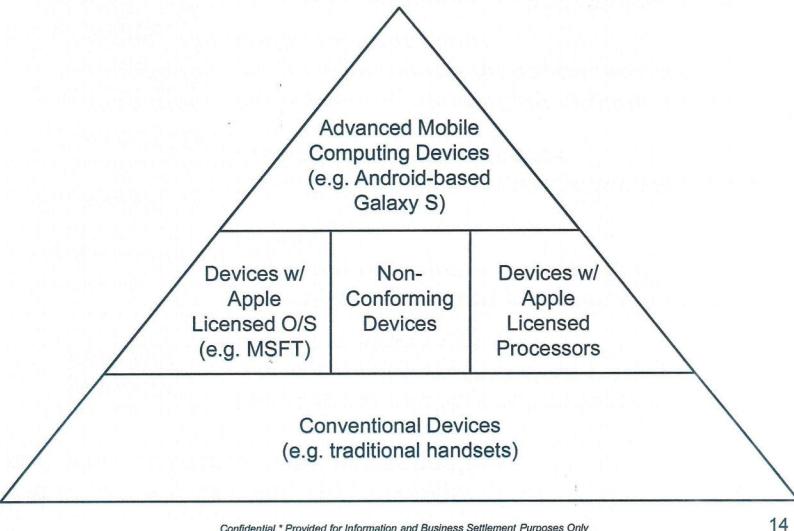
Some Samsung "smartphone" products may not adopt distinctive industrial designs, software platforms or feature sets

Conventional Mobile Devices Most Samsung phones are Basic Phones that are not intended to serve as advanced mobile computing devices



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Samsung may avail itself of these options, and in doing so obtain an Apple patent license on the most cost effective basis possible.





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We will provide Samsung with a number of options for obtaining the most cost-effective possible license to our patent portfolio

Samsung 20% Discount Portfolio Advanced Mobile Computing \$US 30/ unit X Apple-Device 40% Discount Royalty Rate licensed O/S Applelicensed 20% Discount **Tablet Processors** \$US 40 unit X Royalty Rate **Not Using** 20% Discount **Proprietary Features**



EXAMPLE 1: Windows-based non-touch device

Samsung Blackjack II™ **Smartphone**



Samsung Portfolio

Applelicensed O/S

Applelicensed **Processors Not Using Proprietary Features**

Cross license

20% discount

Microsoft licensed O/S tech

40% discount

n/a

Physical QWERTY form factor •20% discount

Total

80% discount



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EXAMPLE 2: Android-based full touch screen devices





Samsung Portfolio

Applelicensed O/S

Applelicensed Processors Not Using Proprietary Features Cross license

· 20% discount

Completely unlicensed Android OS

- No discount

n/a

Full touch screen device
- No discount

Total

20% discount



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Example year: 2010

	Android	Windows Mobile 7	Bada, Symbian & Other	Tablet
Samsung Est. Units (m)	10	10	5	2
Royalty per Unit	\$30	\$30	\$30	\$40
Portfolio Discount	(\$6)	(\$6)	(\$6)	(\$8)
Licensed OS Discount	\$0	(\$12)	\$0	\$0
Licensed MPU Discount	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Not using Apple Proprietary Features*	\$0	(\$3)	(\$3)	\$0
Total Discounted Royalty per Unit	\$24	\$9	\$21	\$32
Gross Royalties (m\$)	\$240	\$90	\$105	\$64
Product Impact (est. 50%)	(\$120)	(\$45)	(\$53)	(\$32)
Net Royalties Due (m\$)	\$120	\$45	\$53	\$32
CY 2010 License Total (m\$)				\$250

^{*} Specific Apple Proprietary Features to be discussed

- Samsung launched a major offensive, targeting Apple's smartphones and tablets
- Simple calculation of Apple's lost profits based on current market share yields profound lost profits
- •These figures pale in comparison to Apple-Samsung's balance-of-trade
- Samsung should respond favorably



- Slide 2: Handsets were focused on improved voice & data connectivity
- Differentiation was typically around hardware (clam shell, slide, soft keys), industrial design and specialty features (e.g., camera)



- Slide 3: creating a smartphone that was primarily about PIM or music or camera centric....
- This evolution was not a logical one. In many ways I compare
 it to the extinct homo-erectus vs. the homo-sapiens that won out
 in the evolutionary cycle. Can you imagine your kids every
 wanting just a phone.
- iPhone defined the paradigm of an advanced mobile computer



Slide 4: Transition from HW differentiation to Software.



- Slide 5: As processing-power (as a function of battery)
 continued to increase Apple pioneered the GUI based OS, then
 pursue miniaturization thru portables ultimately revolutionizing
 the music industry and then the handset industry with the
 iPhone paradigm.
- Along the way we made significant inventions in Modern OS, processors, graphics, music and defined the paradigm for what an advanced smart phone was.



Slide 6: In the iPhone paradigm, a phone is no longer just a
phone and as such is reliant upon many more technologies that
lie in the heart of Apple's IP portfolio.



 Slide 7: The industry responded and values these devices in very different manner than a traditional basic feature phone or even a PIM centric smartphone.



- Slide 8: Since even the feature phones rely upon apple innovations e.g., java, processors and the smart phones relies upon Modern OS, graphics, OO ->
- Apple's computing legacy is relevant and important for these classes of phones.
- Prior to launching iPhone in 2007; Apple wisely filed a large number of patents covering the implementation of the iPhone.
- Since Apple's paradigm of an advanced smartphone won -> Apple's portfolio will become the most important and most valuable part of the IP stack for the next decade.
- This portfolio from 2007 is now maturing and as a result we've initiated discussions with all the handset makers.
- Samsung's portfolio is largely in basic telephony and is characterized by roughly 2/3's of the patents shared with us that you represent as std's essentials.



- Slide 10: These quotes provide the basis for how Samsung acknowledges its adoption of Apple's strategy as a major initiative.
- We take this as a major offensive targeting our business.



 Slide 11: Historically your smartphone volumes were low and had a mix of windows, symbian and now bada & android with aggressive growth plans.



 Slide 12: Despite not asking for a license, Apple is prepared to extend an offer to Samsung rather than...



- Slide 13: Apple's pricing offer can be mitigated by a number of options for Samsung to consider.
- Samsung's portfolio will be applied as a discount to our license
- In cases where Apple has licensed or will license O/S or processors we will pass those licenses to Samsung – Apple is not interested in double charging
- If Samsung is interested in not using Apple's most proprietary features (e.g. FaceView) & migrating its industrial design away from iPhone/iPad then we contemplate another level of discount.
- In a friendly bilateral discussion we are not targeting your conventional phones



Slide 14 : Price low-high



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Slide 16: 80% discount = royalty of \$6



Slide 17: 20% discount = royalty \$24

